Virginia's Licensed Professional Counselor Workforce: 2016

Healthcare Workforce Data Center

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3,905 Licensed Professional Counselors voluntarily participated in this survey. Without their efforts the work of the center would not be possible. The Department of Health Professions, the Healthcare Workforce Data Center, and the Board of Counseling express our sincerest appreciation for your ongoing cooperation.

Thank You!

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Contents

Results in Brief	2
Survey Response Rates	3
The Workforce	4
Demographics	5
Background	6
Education	8
Specialties	9
Current Employment Situation	10
Employment Quality	11
2015-2016 Labor Market	12
Work Site Distribution	13
Establishment Type	14
Time Allocation	16
Patients	17
Retirement & Future Plans	19
Full-Time Equivalency Units	21
Maps	
Council on Virginia's Future Regions	
Area Health Education Center Regions	
Workforce Investment Areas	
Health Services Areas	
Planning Districts	26
Appendices	
Appendix A: Weights	

The Licensed Professional Counselor Workforce: At a Glance:

THE WOLKIOICE	
Licensees:	4,575
Virginia's Workforce:	3,973
FTEs:	3,404

3,404

Survey Response Rate

All Licensees: 85% 94% Renewing Practitioners:

Demographics

79% Female: Diversity Index: 30% Median Age:

Background

Rural Childhood: 30% HS Degree in VA: 46% Prof. Degree in VA: 66%

Education

85% Masters: 15% Ph.D.:

Finances

Median Income: \$50k-\$60k Health Benefits: 60% Under 40 w/ Ed debt: 70%

Current Employment

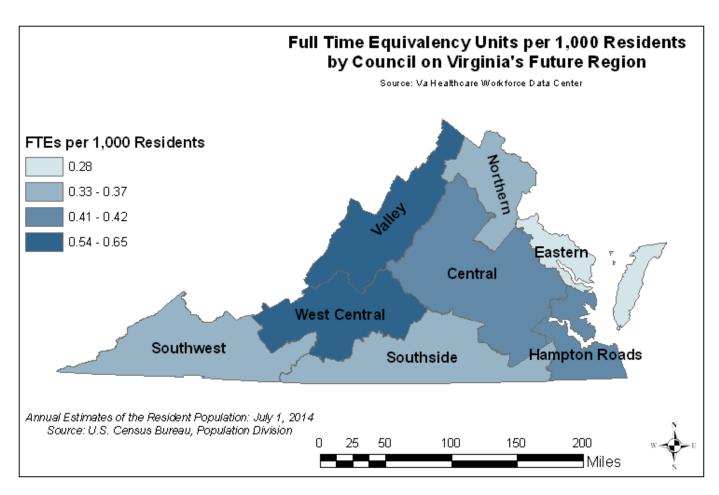
Employed in Prof.: 93% Hold 1 Full-time Job: 53% Satisfied?: 96%

Job Turnover

Switched Jobs: 6% Employed over 2 yrs: 71%

Time Allocation

Patient Care: 60%-69% 10%-19% Administration: Patient Care Role: 57%



3,905 Licensed Professional Counselors (LPCs) voluntarily took part in the 2016 Licensed Professional Counselor Survey. The Virginia Department of Health Professions' Healthcare Workforce Data Center (HWDC) administers the survey during the license renewal process, which takes place every June for LPCs. These survey respondents represent 85% of the 4,575 LPCs who are licensed in the state and 94% of renewing practitioners.

The HWDC estimates that 3,973 LPCs participated in Virginia's workforce during the survey period, which is defined as those who worked at least a portion of the year in the state or who live in the state and intend to return to work as an LPC at some point in the future. Between July 2015 and June 2016, Virginia's LPC workforce provided 3,404 "full-time equivalency units", which the HWDC defines simply as working 2,000 hours a year (or 40 hours per week for 50 weeks with 2 weeks off).

79% of all LPCs are female, including 86% of those LPCs who are under the age of 40. In a random encounter between two LPCs, there is a 30% chance that they would be of different races or ethnicities, a measure known as the diversity index. For those LPCs who are under the age of 40, however, this value increases to 38%. Regardless, Virginia's LPC workforce is less diverse than Virginia's population as a whole, which has a diversity index of 55%.

30% of all LPCs grew up in a rural area of Virginia, but just 21% of these professionals currently work in non-Metro areas of the state. Overall, 10% of Virginia's LPCs currently work in non-Metro areas of the state. Meanwhile, 46% of all LPCs graduated from high school in Virginia, while 66% earned their initial professional degree in the state.

85% of the state's LPC workforce has a Master's degree as their highest professional degree, while the remainder has gone on to earn a doctorate. In addition, 52% of all LPCs have a primary specialty in mental health. 39% of all LPCs currently carry educational debt, including 70% of those under the age of 40. The median debt burden for those LPCs with educational debt is between \$50,000 and \$60,000.

93% of LPCs are currently employed in the profession. 53% currently hold one full-time position, while another 25% hold multiple positions. Only 6% of LPCs have switched jobs over the past 12 months, while 71% have worked at the same work location for at least two years. In addition, only 1% of Virginia's LPCs have experienced involuntary unemployment at some point in the past year.

The median annual income for LPCs is between \$50,000 and \$60,000. In addition, among those LPCs who receive either an hourly wage or a salary at their primary work location, 72% also receive at least one employer-sponsored benefit. This includes 60% who have access to employer-sponsored health insurance and 57% who have access to some form of a retirement plan. 96% of LPCs indicate they are satisfied with their current employment situation, including 71% who indicate they are "very satisfied".

28% of all LPCs work in Northern Virginia, the most of any region in the state. In addition, another 20% of LPCs work in Hampton Roads, while 19% work in Central Virginia. 73% of all LPCs work in the private sector, including 54% who work at a for-profit institution. Meanwhile, private solo practices are the most common establishment type in Virginia, employing 19% of state's LPC workforce.

A typical LPC spends approximately two-thirds of her time treating patients. In fact, 57% serve a patient care role, meaning that at least 60% of their time is spent in patient care activities. In addition, the typical LPC treats between 1 and 24 patients per week at their primary work location, and approximately 75% of these patients are adults.

24% of all LPCs expect to retire by the age of 65. 24% of the current workforce expects to retire in the next ten years, while half the current workforce expects to retire by 2041. Over the next two years, 15% of LPCs plan on increasing patient care activities, and 12% plan on pursuing additional educational opportunities.

Licensees					
License Status	#	%			
Renewing Practitioners	3,944	86%			
New Licensees	435	10%			
Non-Renewals	196	4%			
All Licensees	4,575	100%			

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

HWDC surveys tend to achieve very high response rates. 94% of renewing LPCs submitted a survey. These represent 85% of LPCs who held a license at some point during the survey time period.

Response Rates				
Statistic	Non Respondents	Respondent	Response Rate	
By Age				
Under 35	124	346	74%	
35 to 39	78	479	86%	
40 to 44	69	462	87%	
45 to 49	82	473	85%	
50 to 54	52	432	89%	
55 to 59	70	455	87%	
60 to 64	70	499	88%	
65 and Over	125	759	86%	
Total	670	3,905	85%	
New Licenses				
Issued in Past Year	252	183	42%	
Metro Status				
Non-Metro	38	298	89%	
Metro	476	3,163	87%	
Not in Virginia	156	444	74%	

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

At a Glance:

Licensed LPCs

Number: 4,575 New: 10% Not Renewed: 4%

Response Rates

All Licensees: 85% Renewing Practitioners: 94%

ource: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Cente

Response Rates	
Completed Surveys	3,905
Response Rate, all licensees	85%
Response Rate, Renewals	94%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Definitions

- **1. The Survey Period:** The survey was conducted in June 2016.
- 2. Target Population: All LPCs who held a Virginia license at some point between July 2015 and June 2016.
- 3. Survey Population: The survey was available to LPCs who renewed their licenses online. It was not available to those who did not renew, including LPCs newly licensed in 2016.

At a Glance:

Workforce

Virginia's LPC Workforce: 3,973 FTEs: 3,404

Utilization Ratios

Licensees in VA Workforce: 87%
Licensees per FTE: 1.34
Workers per FTE: 1.17

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Virginia's LPC Workforce				
Status	#	%		
Worked in Virginia in Past Year	3,873	97%		
Looking for Work in Virginia	100	3%		
Virginia's Workforce	3,973	100%		
Total FTEs	3,404			
Licensees	4,575			

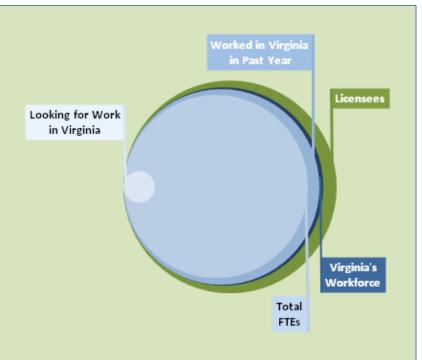
Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

This report uses weighting to estimate the figures in this report. Unless otherwise noted, figures refer to the Virginia Workforce only. For more information on HWDC's methodology visit:

www.dhp.virginia.gov/hwdc

Definitions

- 1. Virginia's Workforce: A licensee with a primary or secondary work site in Virginia at any time during the survey timeframe or who indicated intent to return to Virginia's workforce at any point in the future.
- **2. Full Time Equivalency Unit (FTE):** The HWDC uses 2,000 (40 hours for 50 weeks) as its baseline measure for FTEs.
- **3.** Licensees in VA Workforce: The proportion of licensees in Virginia's Workforce.
- **4. Licensees per FTE:** An indication of the number of licensees needed to create 1 FTE. Higher numbers indicate lower licensee participation.
- 5. Workers per FTE: An indication of the number of workers in Virginia's workforce needed to create 1 FTE. Higher numbers indicate lower utilization of available workers.



Age & Gender							
	Male		Female		To	Total	
Age	#	% Male	#	% Female	#	% in Age Group	
Under 35	54	13%	357	87%	411	12%	
35 to 39	63	14%	388	86%	451	13%	
40 to 44	65	16%	357	85%	423	12%	
45 to 49	77	18%	349	82%	426	12%	
50 to 54	67	18%	300	82%	367	11%	
55 to 59	98	27%	270	73%	367	11%	
60 to 64	118	28%	309	72%	427	12%	
65 +	185	31%	414	69%	599	17%	
Total	727	21%	2,743	79%	3,471	100%	

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Race & Ethnicity						
Race/	Virginia*	LP	Cs	LPCs under 40		
Ethnicity	%	#	%	#	%	
White	63%	2,896	83%	667	77%	
Black	19%	359	10%	125	15%	
Asian	6%	39	1%	10	1%	
Other Race	0%	19	1%	5	1%	
Two or more races	2%	65	2%	23	3%	
Hispanic	9%	105	3%	32	4%	
Total	100%	3,483	100%	862	100%	

*Population data in this chart is from the US Census, Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States, States, and Counties: July 1, 2014.

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

At a Glance:

<u>Gender</u>

% Female: 79% % Under 40 Female: 86%

<u>Age</u>

Median Age: 51 % Under 40: 25% % 55+: 40%

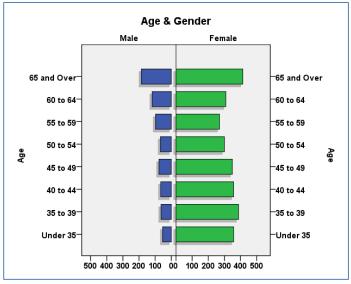
Diversity

Diversity Index: 30% Under 40 Div. Index: 38%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Cente.

In a chance encounter between two LPCs, there is a 30% chance that they would be of a different race/ethnicity (a measure known as the Diversity Index).

25% of all LPCs are under the age of 40, and 86% of these professionals are female. In addition, the diversity index among LPCs who are under the age of 40 is 38%.

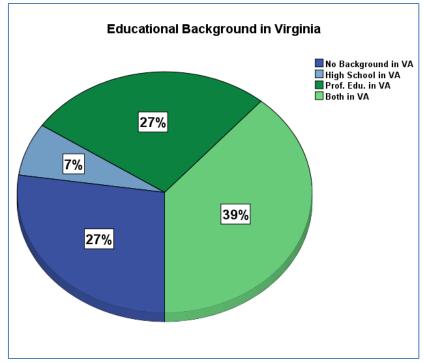


At a Glance: **Childhood Urban Childhood:** 14% Rural Childhood: 30% Virginia Background HS in Virginia: 46% Prof. Ed. in VA: 66% HS or Prof. Ed. in VA: 73% **Location Choice** % Rural to Non-Metro: 21% % Urban/Suburban to Non-Metro: 4%

A Closer Look:

	Primary Location:		Rural Status of Childhood			
USE	OA Rural Urban Continuum		Location			
Code	Description	Rural	Suburban	Urban		
	Metro Cour	nties				
1	Metro, 1 million+	21%	63%	16%		
2	Metro, 250,000 to 1 million	39%	49%	12%		
3	Metro, 250,000 or less	39%	51%	10%		
	Non-Metro Counties					
4	Urban pop 20,000+, Metro adj	66%	26%	9%		
6	Urban pop, 2,500-19,999, Metro adj	64%	28%	8%		
7	Urban pop, 2,500-19,999, nonadj	86%	9%	5%		
8	Rural, Metro adj	67%	21%	13%		
9	Rural, nonadj	33%	42%	25%		
	Overall	30%	56%	14%		

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center



30% of LPCs grew up in selfdescribed rural areas, and 21% of these professionals currently work in non-metro counties. Overall, 10% of all LPCs in the state currently work in nonmetro counties.

Top Ten States for Licensed Professional Counselor Recruitment

Rank	All LPCs				
Kalik	High School	#	Init. Prof Degree	#	
1	Virginia	1,579	Virginia	2,262	
2	New York	220	Maryland	108	
3	Pennsylvania	197	Washington, D.C.	100	
4	Maryland	139	North Carolina	93	
5	Outside U.S./Canada	125	Ohio	76	
6	North Carolina	114	Florida	62	
7	New Jersey	107	Pennsylvania	61	
8	Ohio	100	New York	54	
9	Florida	83	Texas	54	
10	California	57	Massachusetts	45	

46% of licensed LPCs received their high school degree in Virginia, and 66% received their initial professional degree in the state.

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Among LPCs who received their initial license in the past five years, 46% received their high school degree in Virginia, while 63% received their initial professional degree in the state.

Rank	Licensed in the Past 5 Years				
	High School	#	Init. Prof Degree	#	
1	Virginia	524	Virginia	702	
2	New York	60	North Carolina	37	
3	Maryland	50	Ohio	33	
4	Pennsylvania	50	Maryland	32	
5	North Carolina	49	Florida	31	
6	Outside U.S./Canada	48	Washington, D.C.	28	
7	Ohio	34	Minnesota	22	
8	New Jersey	33	Texas	21	
9	Florida	27	New York	17	
10	Texas	21	Georgia	17	

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

13% of Virginia's licensees did not participate in the state's LPC workforce during the past year. 79% of these professionals worked at some point in the past year, including 68% who worked in a job related to behavioral sciences.

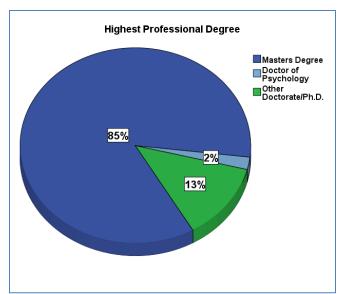
At a Glance:

Not in VA Workforce

Total: 602 % of Licensees: 13% Federal/Military: 8% Va. Border State/DC: 21%

Highest Degree					
Degree	#	%			
Bachelor's Degree	1	0%			
Master's Degree 2,905 85%					
Doctor of Psychology	69	2%			
Other Doctorate 434 13%					
Total	3,409	100%			

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center



Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

85% of LPCs hold a Master's degree as their highest professional degree. 39% of LPCs carry educational debt, including 70% of those under the age of 40. The median debt burden among LPCs with educational debt is between \$50,000 and \$60,000.

At a Glance:

Education

Master's Degree: 85% Doctorate: 15%

Educational Debt

Carry debt: 39% Under age 40 w/ debt: 70% Median debt: \$50k-\$60k

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Cente

Educational Debt						
Amount Carried	All L	.PCs	LPCs under 40			
Amount Carried	#	%	#	%		
None	1,879	61%	230	30%		
Less than \$10,000	151	5%	60	8%		
\$10,000-\$19,999	142	5%	60	8%		
\$20,000-\$29,999	94	3%	41	5%		
\$30,000-\$39,999	113	4%	47	6%		
\$40,000-\$49,999	80	3%	39	5%		
\$50,000-\$59,999	70	2%	44	6%		
\$60,000-\$69,999	70	2%	36	5%		
\$70,000-\$79,999	74	2%	44	6%		
\$80,000-\$89,999	53	2%	32	4%		
\$90,000-\$99,999	38	1%	14	2%		
\$100,000-\$109,999	79	3%	31	4%		
\$110,000-\$119,999	42	1%	21	3%		
\$120,000-\$129,999	22	1%	11	1%		
\$130,000-\$139,999	26	1%	13	2%		
\$140,000-\$149,999	15	0%	5	1%		
\$150,000 or More	115	4%	48	6%		
Total	3,063	100%	776	100%		

At a Glance:

Primary Specialty

Mental Health: 52% Child: 9% Substance Abuse: 7%

Secondary Specialty

Mental Health: 15% Substance Abuse: 14% Family: 12%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

52% of all LPCs have a primary specialty in mental health. Another 9% have a primary specialty in children, while 7% have a primary specialty in substance abuse.

A Closer Look:

Specialties				
Specialty	Prin	Primary		ndary
Specialty	#	%	#	%
Mental Health	1769	52%	442	15%
Child	299	9%	270	9%
Substance Abuse	225	7%	425	14%
Behavioral Disorders	198	6%	337	11%
Family	182	5%	353	12%
Marriage	117	3%	243	8%
School/Educational	81	2%	128	4%
Sex Offender Treatment	34	1%	46	2%
Rehabilitation	24	1%	33	1%
Vocational/Work Environment	23	1%	30	1%
Forensic	16	0%	33	1%
Health/Medical	14	0%	19	1%
Neurology/Neuropsychology	5	0%	8	0%
Social	3	0%	10	0%
Gerontologic	1	0%	10	0%
Public Health	1	0%	5	0%
Experimental or Research	1	0%	3	0%
Industrial-Organizational	0	0%	6	0%
Other Specialty Area	129	4%	208	7%
General Practice (Non- Specialty)	254	8%	438	14%
Total	3,376	100%	3047	100%

At a Glance:

Employment

Employed in Profession: 93% Involuntarily Unemployed: < 1%

Positions Held

1 Full-time: 53% 2 or More Positions: 25%

Weekly Hours:

40 to 49: 44% 60 or more: 6% Less than 30: 19%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

A Closer Look:

Current Work Status						
Status	#	%				
Employed, capacity unknown	1	0%				
Employed in a behavioral sciences- related capacity	3,180	93%				
Employed, NOT in a behavioral sciences-related capacity	99	3%				
Not working, reason unknown	1	0%				
Involuntarily unemployed	5	0%				
Voluntarily unemployed	89	3%				
Retired	59	2%				
Total	3,435	100%				

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

93% of LPCs are currently employed in their profession. 53% of LPCs hold one full-time job, and 44% work between 40 and 49 hours per week.

Current Weekly Hours				
Hours	#	%		
0 hours	154	5%		
1 to 9 hours	130	4%		
10 to 19 hours	201	6%		
20 to 29 hours	317	9%		
30 to 39 hours	477	14%		
40 to 49 hours	1,488	44%		
50 to 59 hours	419	12%		
60 to 69 hours	152	4%		
70 to 79 hours	28	1%		
80 or more hours	14	0%		
Total	3,380	100%		

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Current Positions				
Positions	#	%		
No Positions	154	5%		
One Part-Time Position	563	17%		
Two Part-Time Positions	184	5%		
One Full-Time Position	1,806	53%		
One Full-Time Position & One Part-Time Position	565	17%		
Two Full-Time Positions	18	1%		
More than Two Positions	92	3%		
Total	3,382	100%		

In	come	
Hourly Wage	#	%
Volunteer Work Only	39	1%
Less than \$20,000	239	9%
\$20,000-\$29,999	165	6%
\$30,000-\$39,999	220	8%
\$40,000-\$49,999	361	13%
\$50,000-\$59,999	475	17%
\$60,000-\$69,999	457	17%
\$70,000-\$79,999	264	10%
\$80,000-\$89,999	195	7%
\$90,000-\$99,999	131	5%
\$100,000-\$109,999	74	3%
\$110,000 or More	126	5%
Total	2,748	100%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Job Satisfaction				
Level	#	%		
Very Satisfied	2,347	71%		
Somewhat Satisfied	829	25%		
Somewhat Dissatisfied	114	3%		
Very Dissatisfied	35	1%		
Total	3,325	100%		

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

At a Glance:

Earnings

Median Income: \$50k-\$60k

Benefits

(Salary & Wage Employees only)
Health Insurance: 60%
Retirement: 57%

Satisfaction

Satisfied: 96% Very Satisfied: 71%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

The typical LPC earned between \$50,000 and \$60,000 per year. Among LPCs who received either an hourly wage or salary as compensation at the primary work location, 60% received health insurance and 57% also had access to some form of a retirement plan.

Employer-Sponsored Benefits					
Benefit	#	%	% of Wage/Salary Employees		
Paid Vacation	1,563	49%	66%		
Paid Sick Leave	1,472	46%	62%		
Health Insurance	1,442	45%	60%		
Dental Insurance	1,359	43%	57%		
Retirement	1,351	42%	57%		
Group Life Insurance	1,090	34%	47%		
Signing/Retention Bonus	77	2%	3%		
Received At Least One Benefit	1,760	55%	72%		

^{*}From any employer at time of survey.

Employment Instability in Past Year				
In the past year did you?	#	%		
Experience Involuntary Unemployment?	35	1%		
Experience Voluntary Unemployment?	185	5%		
Work Part-time or temporary positions, but would have preferred a full-time/permanent position?	107	3%		
Work two or more positions at the same time?	993	25%		
Switch employers or practices?	247	6%		
Experienced at least one	1,331	34%		

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Only 1% of Virginia's LPCs experienced involuntary unemployment at some point during the past year. By comparison, Virginia's average monthly unemployment rate was 4.1% during the past 12 months.¹

Location Tenure						
Tomuro	Primary		Secondary			
Tenure	#	%	#	%		
Not Currently Working at this Location	61	2%	30	3%		
Less than 6 Months	149	5%	78	9%		
6 Months to 1 Year	232	7%	111	12%		
1 to 2 Years	488	15%	160	17%		
3 to 5 Years	778	24%	219	24%		
6 to 10 Years	661	20%	166	18%		
More than 10 Years	890	27%	153	17%		
Subtotal	3,260	100%	917	100%		
Did not have location	109		3,012			
Item Missing	604		44			
Total	3,973		3,973			

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

58% of LPCs are salaried employees, while 20% receive income from their own business/practice.

At a Glance:

Unemployment Experience

Involuntarily Unemployed: 1% Underemployed: 3%

Turnover & Tenure

Switched Jobs:6%New Location:17%Over 2 years:71%Over 2 yrs, 2nd location:59%

Employment Type

Salary/Commission: 58% Business/Practice Income: 20%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

71% of LPCs have worked at their primary location for more than two years, while 6% have switched jobs during the past 12 months.

Employment Type				
Primary Work Site	#	%		
Salary/ Commission	1,537	58%		
Business/ Practice Income	539	20%		
Hourly Wage	373	14%		
By Contract	199	7%		
Unpaid	21	1%		
Subtotal	2,669	100%		
Did not have location	109			
Item Missing	1,195			

¹ As reported by the US Bureau of Labor Statistics. The non-seasonally adjusted monthly unemployment rate ranged from 3.4% in April 2016 to 4.5% in July 2015.

At a Glance:

Concentration

Top Region: 28%
Top 3 Regions: 68%
Lowest Region: 1%

Locations

2 or more (Past Year): 29% 2 or more (Now*): 27%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Cente

28% of LPCs work in Northern Virginia, the most of any region in the state. Another 20% work in Hampton Roads, while 19% work in Central Virginia.

Number of Work Locations				
Locations	Work Locations in Past Year		Work Locations Now*	
	#	%	#	%
0	99	3%	147	4%
1	2,300	69%	2,317	69%
2	484	14%	469	14%
3	402	12%	382	11%
4	36	1%	19	1%
5	12	0%	8	0%
6 or More	24	1%	15	0%
Total	3,357	100%	3,357	100%

^{*}At the time of survey completion, June 2016.

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

A Closer Look:

Regional Distribution of Work Locations								
001/5 5		mary	Secondary					
COVF Region		ation	Loca					
	#	%	#	%				
Central	613	19%	182	19%				
Eastern	40	1%	8	1%				
Hampton Roads	659	20%	204	22%				
Northern	920	28%	222	23%				
Southside	119	4%	42	4%				
Southwest	127	4%	49	5%				
Valley	272	8%	76	8%				
West Central	467	14%	122	13%				
Virginia Border State/DC	16	0%	15	2%				
Other US State	8	0%	25	3%				
Outside of the US	1	0%	0	0%				
Total	3,242	100%	945	100%				
Item Missing	621		16					

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center



Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

27% of all LPCs currently have multiple work locations, while 29% have had multiple work locations during the past year.

Location Sector								
	Prin	nary	Secondary					
Sector	Loca	tion	Loca	ation				
	#	%	#	%				
For-Profit	1,662	54%	569	67%				
Non-Profit	585	19%	153	18%				
State/Local Government	719	24%	110	13%				
Veterans Administration	6	0%	0	0%				
U.S. Military	57	2%	10	1%				
Other Federal	30	1%	7	1%				
Government	30	1/0	,	1/0				
Total	3,059	100%	849	100%				
Did not have location	109		3012					
Item Missing	805		112					

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

At a Glance: (Primary Locations)

Sector

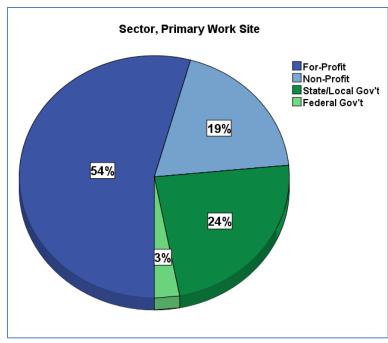
For Profit: 54% Federal: 3%

Top Establishments

Private Practice, Solo: 19% Private Practice, Group: 17% Comm. Services Board: 16%

Source: Va Healthcare Workforce Data Center

73% of LPCs work in the private sector, including 54% who work at for-profit establishments. Another 24% of LPCs work for state or local governments.

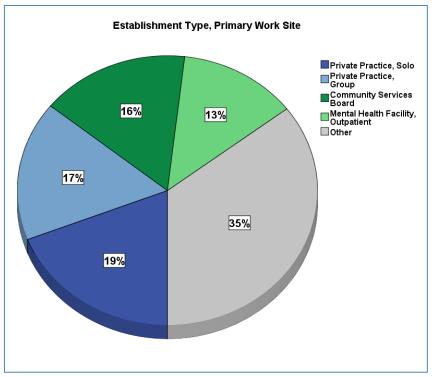


Location Type									
Establishment Type	Prir	nary ation %	Secondary Location # %						
Private practice, solo	553	19%	171	21%					
Private practice, group	484	17%	163	20%					
Community Services Board	465	16%	54	7%					
Mental health facility, outpatient	370	13%	106	13%					
Community-based clinic or health center	254	9%	68	8%					
School (providing care to clients)	152	5%	18	2%					
Academic institution (teaching health professions students)	106	4%	72	9%					
Residential mental health/substance abuse facility	55	2%	16	2%					
Corrections/Jail	55	2%	13	2%					
Hospital, psychiatric	52	2%	19	2%					
Hospital, general	38	1%	17	2%					
Administrative or regulatory	37	1%	7	1%					
Rehabilitation facility	25	1%	3	0%					
Other practice setting	250	9%	101	12%					
Total	2,896	100%	828	100%					
Did Not Have a Location	109		3012						

36% of all LPCs work at either a solo or group private practice, while another 16% works at a community services board.

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Among those LPCs who also have a secondary work location, 40% work at either a solo or group private practice, while 13% work at an outpatient mental health facility.



At a Glance: (Primary Locations)

Typical Time Allocation

Patient Care: 60%-69% Administration: 10%-19%

Roles

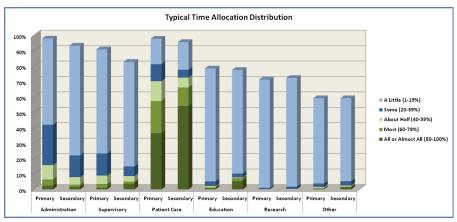
Patient Care: 57% Administrative: 6% Supervisory: 4%

Patient Care LPCs

Median Admin Time: 10%-19% Ave. Admin Time: 10%-19%

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

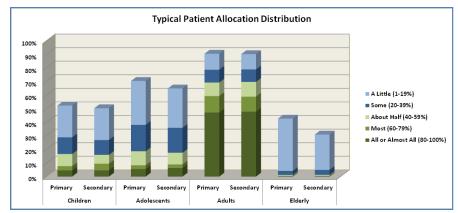
A Closer Look:



Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

The typical LPC spends approximately two-thirds of her time treating patients. In fact, 57% of all LPCs fill a patient care role, defined as spending 60% or more of their time on patient care activities.

	Time Allocation											
Time Spent	Adn	nin.	Super	visory	Patient Care		Education		Research		Other	
Time Spent	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site
All or Almost All (80-100%)	2%	2%	1%	4%	36%	54%	1%	5%	0%	0%	0%	1%
Most (60-79%)	4%	1%	3%	1%	21%	12%	1%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%
About Half (40-59%)	9%	5%	5%	4%	13%	6%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%
Some (20-39%)	26%	14%	14%	6%	11%	5%	3%	2%	1%	1%	2%	3%
A Little (1-19%)	56%	71%	68%	68%	16%	18%	73%	67%	70%	70%	55%	54%
None (0%)	2%	7%	9%	17%	2%	5%	22%	23%	29%	28%	41%	41%



Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Approximately three-quarters of all patients seen by a typical LPC at her primary work location are adults. In addition, 59% of LPCs serve an adult patient care role, meaning that at least 60% of their patients are adults.

At a Glance: (Primary Locations)

Typical Patient Allocation

Children: 1%-9%
Adolescents: 1%-9%
Adults: 70%-79%
Elderly: None

Roles

Children: 8%
Adolescents: 8%
Adults: 59%
Elderly: 1%

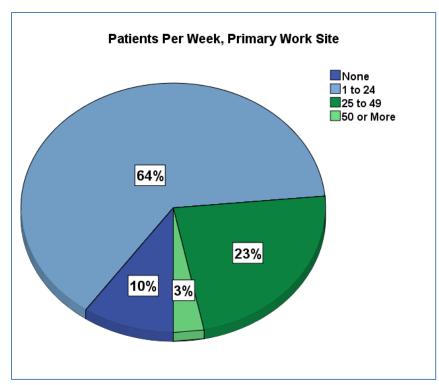
Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Cente

Patient Allocation									
	Chilo	lren	Adoles	cents	Adults		Elderly		
Time Spent	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	Prim. Site	Sec. Site	
All or Almost All (80-100%)	5%	5%	6%	6%	47%	48%	0%	0%	
Most (60-79%)	3%	5%	3%	3%	12%	11%	0%	0%	
About Half (40-59%)	9%	7%	10%	9%	10%	11%	1%	1%	
Some (20-39%)	12%	11%	19%	18%	9%	9%	3%	4%	
A Little (1-19%)	23%	23%	32%	29%	12%	11%	38%	26%	
None (0%)	48%	50%	30%	35%	10%	10%	57%	69%	

At a Glance: Patients Per Week Primary Location: 1-24 Secondary Location: 1-24 Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

Patients Per Week								
# of Patients		nary ation		ndary ation				
	#	%	#	%				
None	298	10%	124	15%				
1 to 24	1,950	64%	647	77%				
25 to 49	711	23%	54	6%				
50 to 74	73	2%	4	0%				
75 or More	25 1%		5	1%				
Total	3,058	100%	835	100%				

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center



64% of all LPCs treat between 1 and 24 patients per week at their primary work location. Among those LPCs who also have a secondary work location, 77% treat between 1 and 24 patients per week.

Retirement Expectations								
Expected Retirement	All	LPCs	LPCs c	ver 50				
Age	#	%	#	%				
Under age 50	31	1%	-	-				
50 to 54	54	2%	2	0%				
55 to 59	189	6%	49	3%				
60 to 64	431	15%	139	9%				
65 to 69	901	31%	441	30%				
70 to 74	599	21%	388	26%				
75 to 79	247	8%	158	11%				
80 or over	87	3%	60	4%				
I do not intend to retire	375	13%	229	16%				
Total	2,913	100%	1,466	100%				

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

At a Glance:

Retirement Expectations

All LPCs

Under 65: 24% Under 60: 9%

LPCs 50 and over

Under 65: 13% Under 60: 3%

Time until Retirement

Within 2 years: 7%
Within 10 years: 24%
Half the workforce: by 2041

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Cente

9% of LPCs expect to retire no later than the age of 60, while 24% expect to retire by the age of 65. Among those LPCs who are ages 50 or over, 13% still expect to retire by the age of 65.

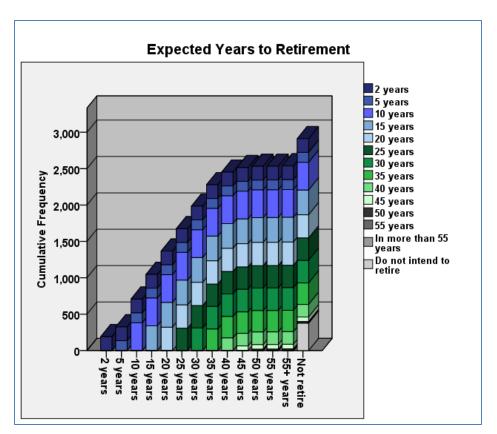
Within the next two years, only 2% of Virginia's LPCs plan on leaving the state to practice elsewhere, while 1% plan on leaving the profession entirely. Meanwhile, 15% plan on increasing patient care hours, and 12% expect to pursue additional educational opportunities.

Future Plans							
2 Year Plans:	#	%					
Decrease Participation	n						
Leave Profession	45	1%					
Leave Virginia	65	2%					
Decrease Patient Care Hours	317	8%					
Decrease Teaching Hours	21	1%					
Increase Participation	า						
Increase Patient Care Hours	589	15%					
Increase Teaching Hours	299	8%					
Pursue Additional Education	488	12%					
Return to Virginia's Workforce	36	1%					

By comparing retirement expectation to age, we can estimate the maximum years to retirement for LPCs. 7% of LPCs expect to retire in the next two years, while 24% plan on retiring in the next ten years. More than half of the current LPC workforce expects to retire by 2041.

Time to Retirement								
Expect to retire within	#	%	Cumulative %					
2 years	190	7%	7%					
5 years	136	5%	11%					
10 years	381	13%	24%					
15 years	340	12%	36%					
20 years	321	11%	47%					
25 years	307	11%	58%					
30 years	310	11%	68%					
35 years	295	10%	78%					
40 years	173	6%	84%					
45 years	63	2%	86%					
50 years	18	1%	87%					
55 years	1	0%	87%					
In more than 55 years	4	0%	87%					
Do not intend to retire	375	13%	100%					
Total	2,913	100%						

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center



Using these estimates, retirements will begin to reach over 10% of the current workforce every five years by 2026. Retirements will peak at 13% of the current workforce around the same time period before declining to under 10% of the current workforce again around 2056.

At a Glance:

FTEs

Total: 3,404 FTEs/1,000 Residents: 0.409 Average: 0.88

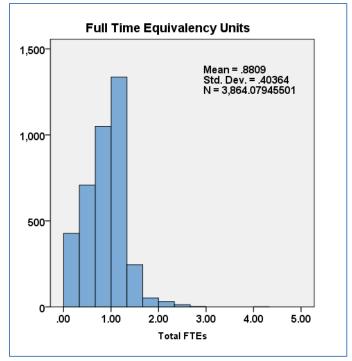
Age & Gender Effect

Age, Partial Eta²: Medium Gender, Partial Eta²: Small

Partial Eta² Explained: Partial Eta² is a statistical measure of effect size.

Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

A Closer Look:

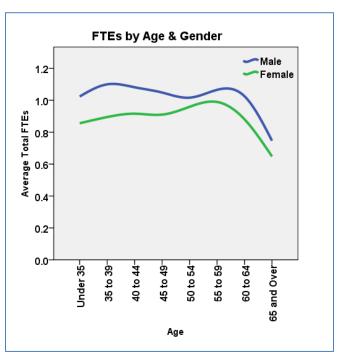


Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

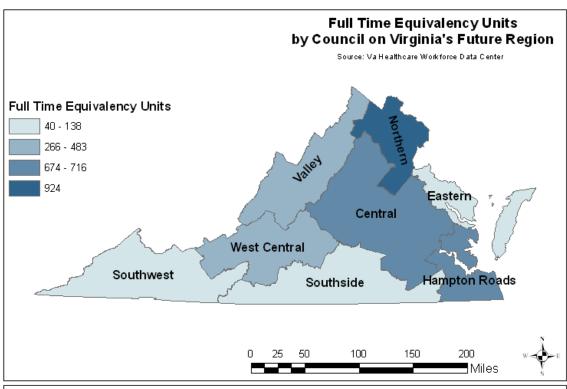
The typical (median) LPC provided 0.92 FTEs, or approximately 37 hours per week for 50 weeks. Although FTEs appear to vary by age and gender, statistical tests did not verify a difference exists.²

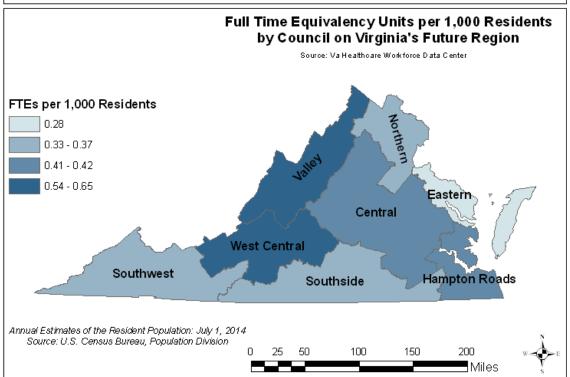
Full-Time Equivalency Units							
Age	Average	Median					
	Age						
Under 35	0.86	0.93					
35 to 39	0.95	1.03					
40 to 44	0.95	1.05					
45 to 49	0.92	0.93					
50 to 54	0.92	0.94					
55 to 59	0.98	0.97					
60 to 64	0.91	0.89					
65 and Over	0.67	0.59					
	Gender						
Male	0.97	1.05					
Female	0.87	0.93					

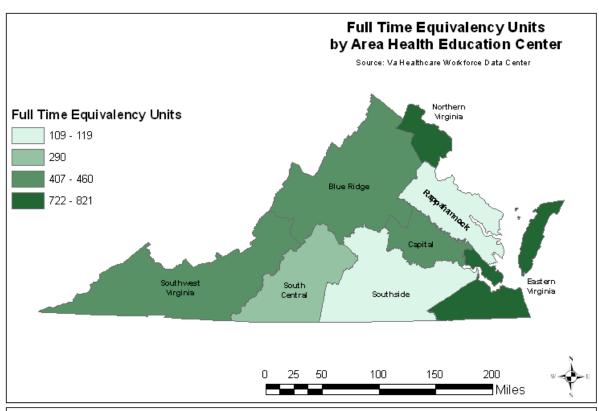
Source: Va. Healthcare Workforce Data Center

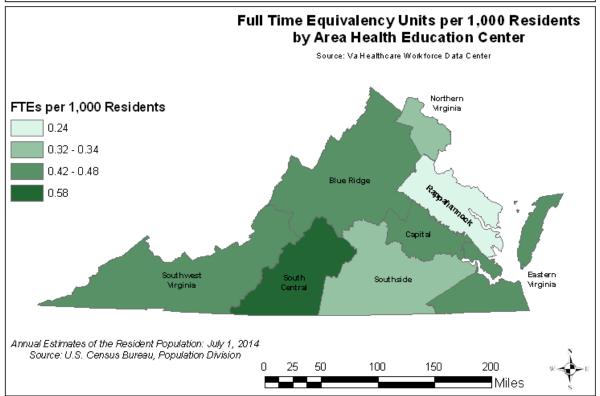


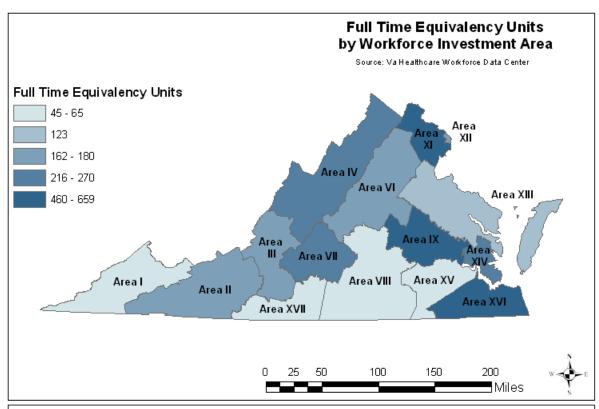
² Due to assumption violations in Mixed between-within ANOVA (Levene's Test is significant)

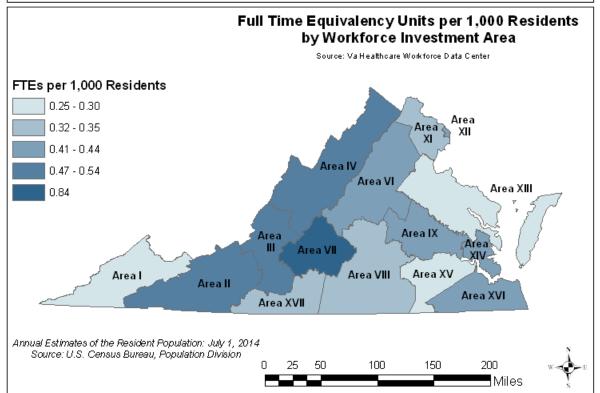


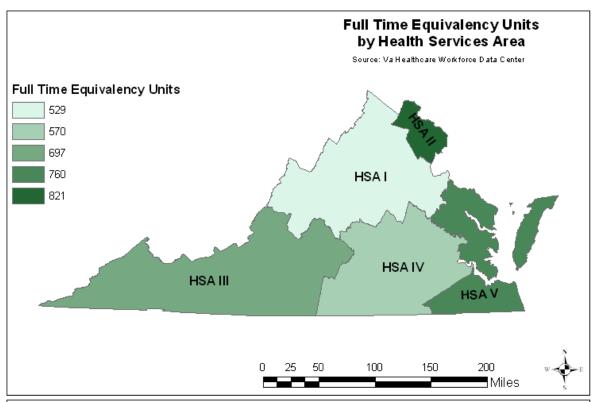


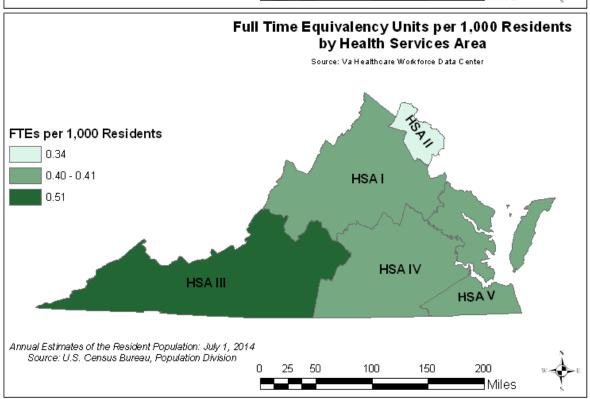


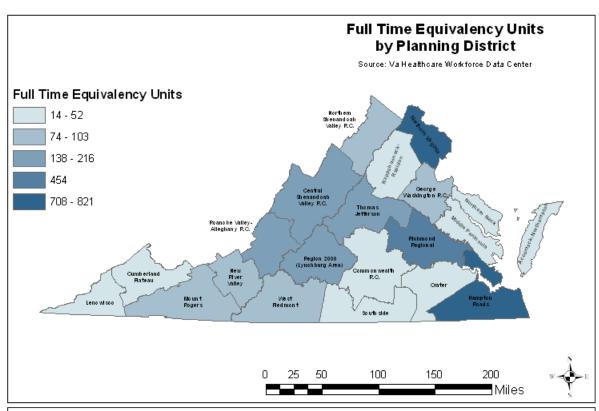


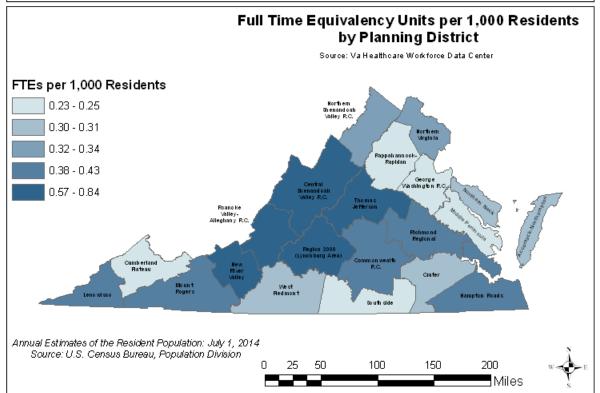












Appendix A: Weights

Rural		Location We	ight	Total \	Weight
Status	#	Rate	Weight	Min	Max
Metro, 1 million+	2,558	86.43%	1.156943	1.10638	1.34142
Metro, 250,000 to 1 million	496	87.30%	1.145497	1.09543	1.32815
Metro, 250,000 or less	585	88.72%	1.127168	1.0779	1.30689
Urban pop 20,000+, Metro adj	47	85.11%	1.175	1.12365	1.36235
Urban pop 20,000+, nonadj	0	NA	NA	NA	NA
Urban pop, 2,500- 19,999, Metro adj	141	91.49%	1.093023	1.04525	1.26731
Urban pop, 2,500- 19,999, nonadj	67	94.03%	1.063492	1.01701	1.23307
Rural, Metro adj	57	84.21%	1.1875	1.1356	1.37685
Rural, nonadj	24	75.00%	1.333333	1.27506	1.54593
Virginia border state/DC	313	76.04%	1.315126	1.25765	1.52482
Other US State	287	71.78%	1.393204	1.33231	1.61535

Age		Age Weigl	Total Weight		
Age	#	Rate	Weight	Min	Max
Under 35	470	73.62%	1.358382	1.23307	1.61535
35 to 39	557	86.00%	1.162839	1.05556	1.38282
40 to 44	531	87.01%	1.149351	1.04332	1.36678
45 to 49	555	85.23%	1.173362	1.06511	1.39533
50 to 54	484	89.26%	1.12037	1.01701	1.33231
55 to 59	525	86.67%	1.153846	1.0474	1.37212
60 to 64	569	87.70%	1.140281	1.03509	1.35599
65 and Over	884	85.86%	1.16469	1.05724	1.38502

See the Methods section on the HWDC website for details on HWDC Methods:

www.dhp.virginia.gov/hwdc/

Final weights are calculated by multiplying the two weights and the overall response rate:

Age Weight x Rural Weight x Response Rate = Final Weight.

Overall Response Rate: 0.853552

